## **COST ALLOWABILITY**

Please see the table below for a summary of allowability of selected <u>direct cost</u> expenses on <u>Federal</u> awards. Allowability on non-federal awards depends upon the agency requirements, any contracts/agreements, and ACU policy. Please contact ORSP if you have any questions.

Please note: just because an item was included in a proposal budget <u>DOES NOT</u> make it an allowable expense on a sponsored fund. To be allowable, expenses must conform to the definition above.

Direct Costs That Are Typically <b>Not Allowed</b>			
Advertisement Costs: For general institutional purposes	Alcohol: Beverages for general consumption at meals, receptions, etc.	Alumni Activities of any type	Commencement & Convocation of any type
Communication: Basic phone services, cell phones, local phone service (considered F&A/indirect cost)	Compensation for Personnel: Administrative and clerical salaries (for general administrative duties; considered F&A/indirect cost)  Pay above the Institutional Base Salary for duties that are considered part of the employee's job description (including research)	Computers: For administrative purposes (Computers, monitors, printers, & back-up drives ) (Considered F&A)	Entertainment of any type: Costs for amusement or social activities and costs directly associated with these activities (e.g., tickets, meals, transportation)
Equipment (Defined as non- expendable, tangible personal property having a useful life of more than one year and an acquisition cost of \$5,000 or more per unit.) (See Supplies & Materials category for equipment with an acquisition cost of less than \$5000.)  "General purpose equipment" means equipment, which is not limited only to research, medical, scientific or other technical activities. Examples of general purpose equipment include office equipment (i.e. personnel computers) and furnishings, air conditioning equipment, reproduction and printing equipment, motor vehicles.	Fines & Penalties: Generally unallowable	FOOd: Food costs as part of standard business (lunch in the lab, coffee/pizza for late nights, receptions, hospitality room, lunch for students during a local research activity, etc)  (Food & Beverage costs are routinely questioned by auditors unless they find adequate documentation to show that the costs were associated with a bonafide technical conference or meeting or generated while on travel status. It is important to document how the food charges specifically benefit the project.)	Fringe Benefits: Benefits not typically given by the institution or above the rates typically given by the institution (e.g., summer retirement matching, matching above 8%, additional retirement funds beyond IBS, etc.)

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Fundraising of any	General Supplies:	Gifts of any type	Goods and
type	General use or janitorial items such as paper		Services for
	towels, mops, laboratory		Personal Use
	soap, etc		
	(considered F&A)		
Insurance &	Legal Expenses	Lobbying of any	Losses on Other
Indemnity: Actual		type	Sponsored
losses which could have been covered by insurance except as provided for in 2 CFR 200, Subpart E			Projects
Maintenance,	Marketing:	Memberships: in	Office Supplies:
Operations, &	Institutional materials	country or social clubs	Paper, Photocopies, Toner Cartridges, Envelopes, ,
Repair: Of general		organizations whose primary	Post-it Notes, Calendars,
purpose equipment		purpose is lobbying	Desk Organizers, File Cabinets, File Folders,
(considered F&A)			Binders/Notebooks
			(general use),
			Transparencies, Pens, Pencils, Markers, Staples,
			Staplers, Paper Punches, College Stationary,
			Business Cards, diskettes,
			flash drives, memory
			sticks, zip drives, etc
			(Considered F&A)
Patents: Costs when not	Postage: General	Printing/Publication	Professional &
required by federal sponsor	postage (considered F&A)	Costs: For general	Consulting
		institutional purposes	Services: When an
			employee of the institution can provide the service as part of their duties
			Professional and
			consulting services
			rendered by employees of ACU are unallowable. If an
			ACU employee is providing
			such a service, then the employee's salary and
			fringe should be charged
			as a direct cost and included in the personnel
			line item in the project
Promotional	Proposal Costs of	Public Relations: To	Recruiting &
Items/Memorabilia	any type: Costs for	promote the institution	Relocation Costs:
of any type: T-shirts,	preparing proposals to		When employee resigns
and other memorabilia,	obtain other grant monies.		within 12 months

souvenirs or promotional items (key chains, caps, etc.)	(NOTE: Individuals who write grants should not be 100% supported on a sponsored project. Considered F&A, so ACU should pay for the portion of effort spent writing new grants)		
Software: General administrative software	Student Activity Costs (clubs, etc) of any type	Travel: Dependent travel for trips less than 6 months  Travel unrelated to grant objectives  costs associated with first class air travel and costs in excess of lowest commercial airfare	

Direct Costs That Are Sometimes Allowed				
Compensation for Personnel: Supplemental salary above the Institutional Base Salary	Construction & Remodeling: when specifically allowed for in the award notice	FOOd: Food costs associated with dissemination of information related to the grant objectives (when budgeted and approved by the agency)  Federal funds may not be used for purchasing food to serve at meetings or events such as "lab group" meetings or departmental meetings, even if attendees are disseminating technical information related to the project.  (Food & Beverage costs are routinely questioned by auditors unless they find adequate documentation to show that the costs were associated with a bonafide technical conference or meeting or generated while on travel status. It is important to document how the food charges specifically benefit the project.)	Memberships: Civic or community organizations, when necessary to the conduct of the project and with prior approval by agency	
Participant Support Costs: With prior approval of the agency	Scholarships, trainee stipends, internships, and other student aid costs: Only when the purpose of the grant is to provide training to selected	Travel: Dependent travel for trip greater than 6 months (with prior agency approval)		

participants and with	
specific approval.	

Costs That Are <b>Generally Allowed</b>			
Advertisement	Alcohol: When necessary to	Communication:	Compensation
costs: for recruitment of personnel, procurement of goods and services, and program outreach necessary to meet the grant objectives	the conduct of the research (e.g., chemical reagents in the laboratory, research on alcohol)	Long distance phone calls for grant purposes  Project-related field phones	for Personnel: Salaries of faculty, research associates, students and other personnel who are essential to the conduct of the sponsored project. Salary must be shared proportionately to the effort given to the project and cannot be greater than the total Institutional Base Salary
Computers: Specific for research purposes (such as data collection or processing)  To be charged to a project a computing device must be: (1) essential for the purposes of carrying out a specific aim of the funded project, (2) above and beyond what is normally provided by the department for academic use, and (3) charged to the grant in some reasonable proportion relative to how much it is used for the funded project.	Conferences/meetings: When disseminating information related to the grant program and necessary and reasonable for successful performance. May include: rental of facilities, speakers's fees, costs of meals and refreshments, local transportation	Displays, demonstrations, exhibits: when directly related to the project	Equipment (Defined as non-expendable, tangible personal property having a useful life of more than one year and an acquisition cost of \$5,000 or more per unit.) (See Supplies & Materials category for equipment with an acquisition cost of less than \$5000.): "Special purpose equipment" means equipment, which is used only for research, medical, scientific, or other technical activities. Examples of special purpose equipment include centrifuges, spectrometers, microscopes, and computers. (requires agency approval when over \$5000)  Requests to purchase capital equipment that was not in the original budget should

			be made by contacting ORSP. It is important to retain all notes related to procurement of equipment (e.g. choice of vendor, model, etc.).  NOTE: all such equipment must be managed and disposed of according to 2 CFR 200 Subpart D (200.313)
Fines and Penalties: Only when incurred as a result of compliance with the terms of the sponsored agreement	Fringe Benefits: Employer contributions or expenses for retirement, social security, employee insurance and workers compensation insurance when charged at the rate proportionate to the effort contributed to the sponsored activity	Insurance and Indemnity: Costs of insurance required or approved in advance by the sponsor pursuant to the terms of a sponsored agreement as direct charges to the project	Maintenance, Operations, and Repair: of specialized equipment
Memberships: In business or professional organizations  Membership should only be paid for by a grant when:  Membership is the only means of obtaining a specific journal or periodical directly related to the project  • Membership is required to attend a conference that is part of the sponsored project  • Membership is required to receive reduced registration fees or other associated costs for the conference (cost must be greater than or equal to the membership cost). In some circumstances, if the PI can document that:  1) PI needs to be a member of the professional organization in order to complete the project AND 2) PI would not otherwise be a	Patents: In accordance with the clauses of a sponsored agreement relating to patents, costs of preparing documents, and any other patent costs in connection with the filing of a patent application when required by federal sponsor	Printing/publication COSts: When the material to be published is associated with the research/scholarly product conducted under the award Page charges by journals to publish results of sponsored project activities	Postage: Overnight express service, federal express, US postal priority mail, UPS, when needed to transport project materials or report in a non-routine manner.  Examples of allowable postage/shipping expenses include shipping costs for sending research samples to a colleague for testing, shipping costs for supplies ordered from an online vendor.

member, then it may be allowable expense			
Professional and	Public Relations: when	Recruiting and	Reference
consulting Services: When provided by non- employees and when the grantee organization does not possess the expertise and would not be cheaper to hire an employee	required by the grant to communicate with the public	Relocation costs: Advertising, travel, and relocation of new employees to service the sponsored project  Must be consistent with institution policy and practice, applied consistently to sponsored and non-sponsored	materials: when related to sponsored project and necessary for the conduct of sponsored activities
Rental costs: To the extent that the rates are comparable to that of other rental property in the locale and are approved by the awarding agency during the proposal process.	Royalties/use of patents: Royalties on a patent or invention necessary for the proper performance of a sponsored agreement unless the government has a license or right to free use of the patent or the patent is considered to be unenforceable or has expired	activities  Severance pay: If required by law, employeremployee agreement or agency policy a specified in 2 CFR 200, Subpart E	Software: Necessary for the conduct of the project (e.g., data collection or analysis)
Supplies: Specialized supplies necessary for the conduct of the activity such as lab notebooks, chemicals, glassware, columns, vials, pipets, pipet tips, test tubes, thermometers, ovens, storage, or other lab equipment, etc.  NOTE: Residual unused supplies totaling \$5,000 or more at the end of the award must be used for another federallysponsored award or the agency must be compensated for its share.	Termination Costs: Costs resulting from the early termination of a sponsored project, subject to prior approval of the sponsor. Costs may include loss of value of special tooling, rental costs associated with non-expired leases and claims under subcontract agreements	Transportation of Goods: Costs incurred for freight and transportation related to sponsored research project	Travel: Personnel travel that is necessary for the grant objectives  U.S carriers must be used when traveling on awards sponsored directly by Federal agencies or awards from non-federal sponsors for that the Federal Government is a primary sponsor.
Tuition: Tuition, tuition remission, or other compensation given in lieu of salaries and wages. Time and Effort must be documented in the same manner as salaries and wages.			